



Service Oriented Networking

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Korea-EU Workshop: Future Internet and Cloud

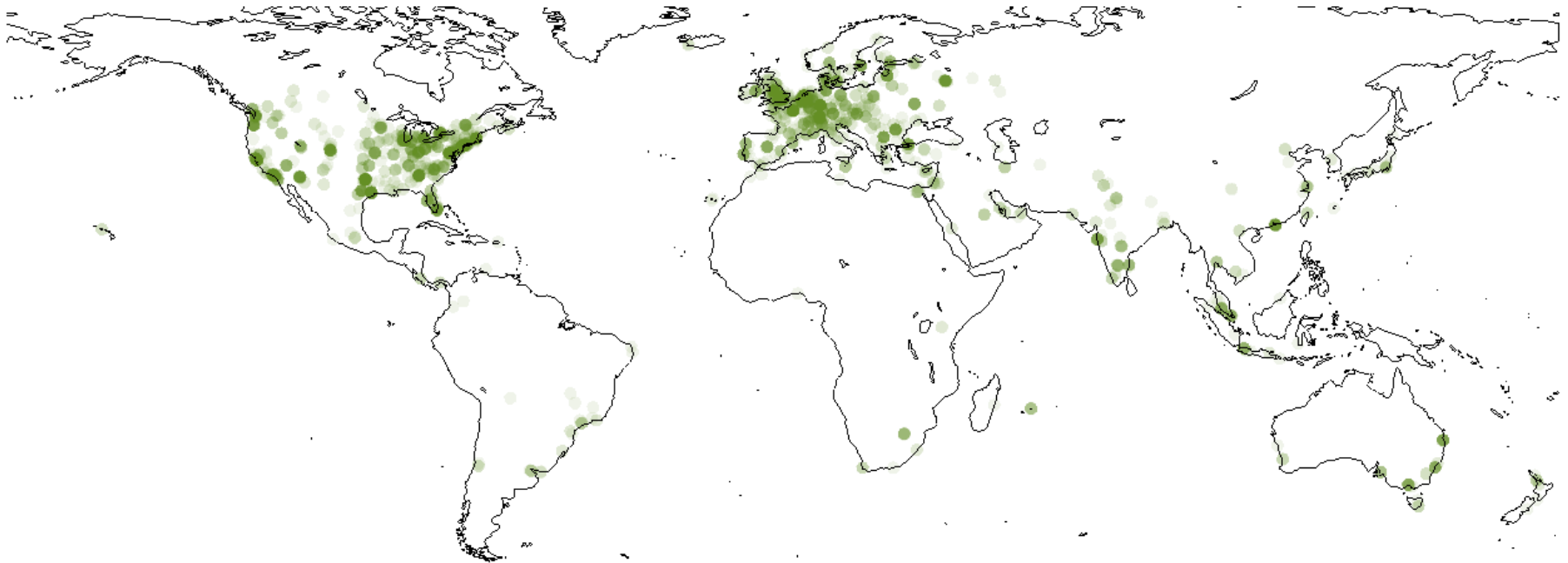
Seoul, Korea

30 September - 1 October 2013

- Media applications are no longer stand-alone or just running in end terminals
- Cloud storage and applications are limited and unsuitable for dynamic, real-time, high-bandwidth applications
 - Granularity
 - Localisation
 - Configurability
- CDNs are fine for distributing static content efficiently
- ICN takes CDNs a stage further with fine grained caching
- Neither are suitable for deploying and accessing service processing capabilities

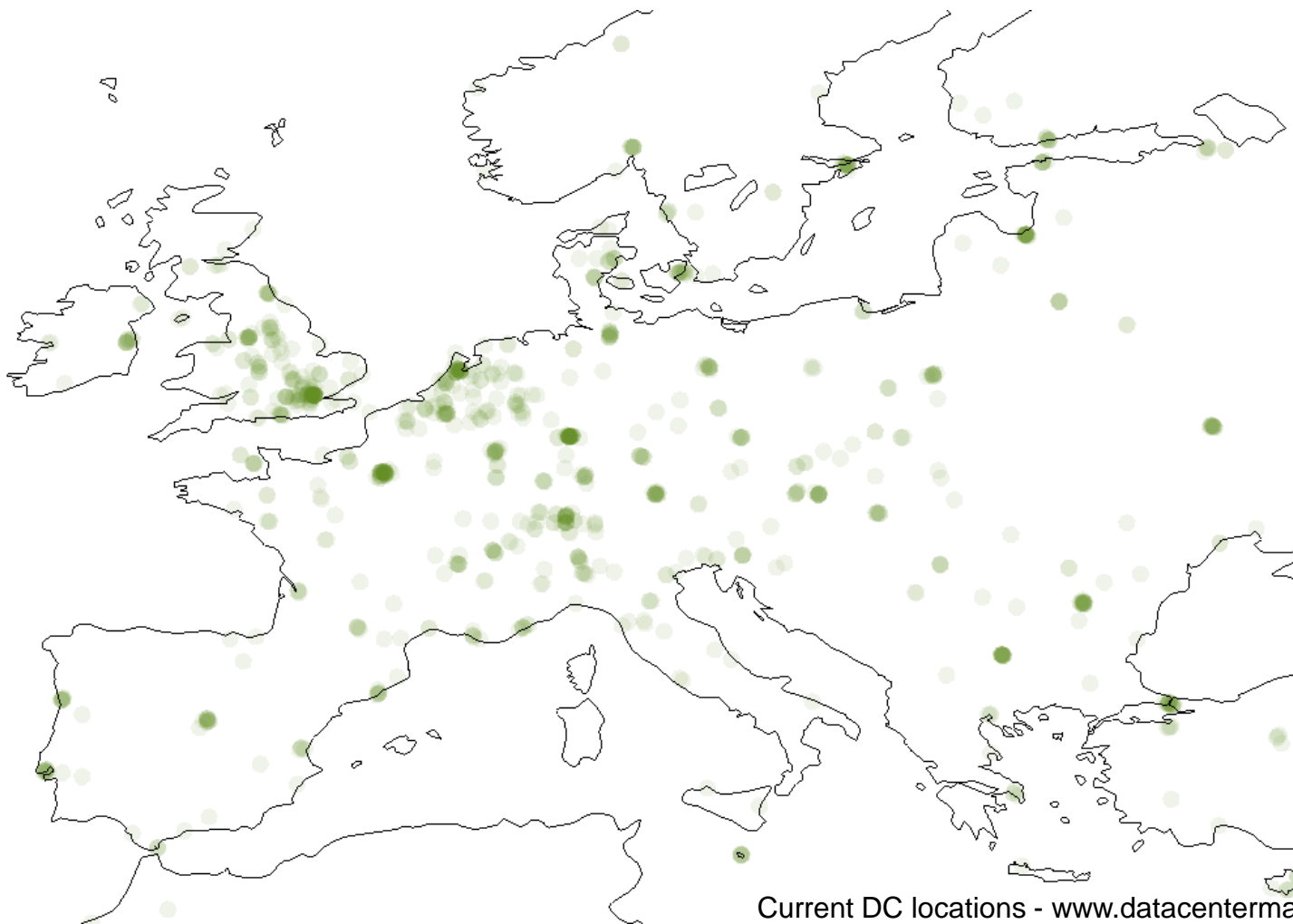
- Positioning of service processing nodes at a very fine granularity
 - in access points close to the users;
 - collocated with routers within an ISP's network;
 - in local data-centres owned and operated by ISPs;
 - in traditional data-centres and service farms operated by cloud and service providers.
- Infrastructure and tools for services to be flexibly deployed over this distributed service-execution platform to **optimise** the location of individual service component instances
- Native service-oriented routing based on anycast
 - Inherent support for load-balancing, resilience and elasticity
- **A *fusion*** of service deployment and execution technologies with native service-centric routing capabilities throughout the network to provide a service-oriented network ecosystem





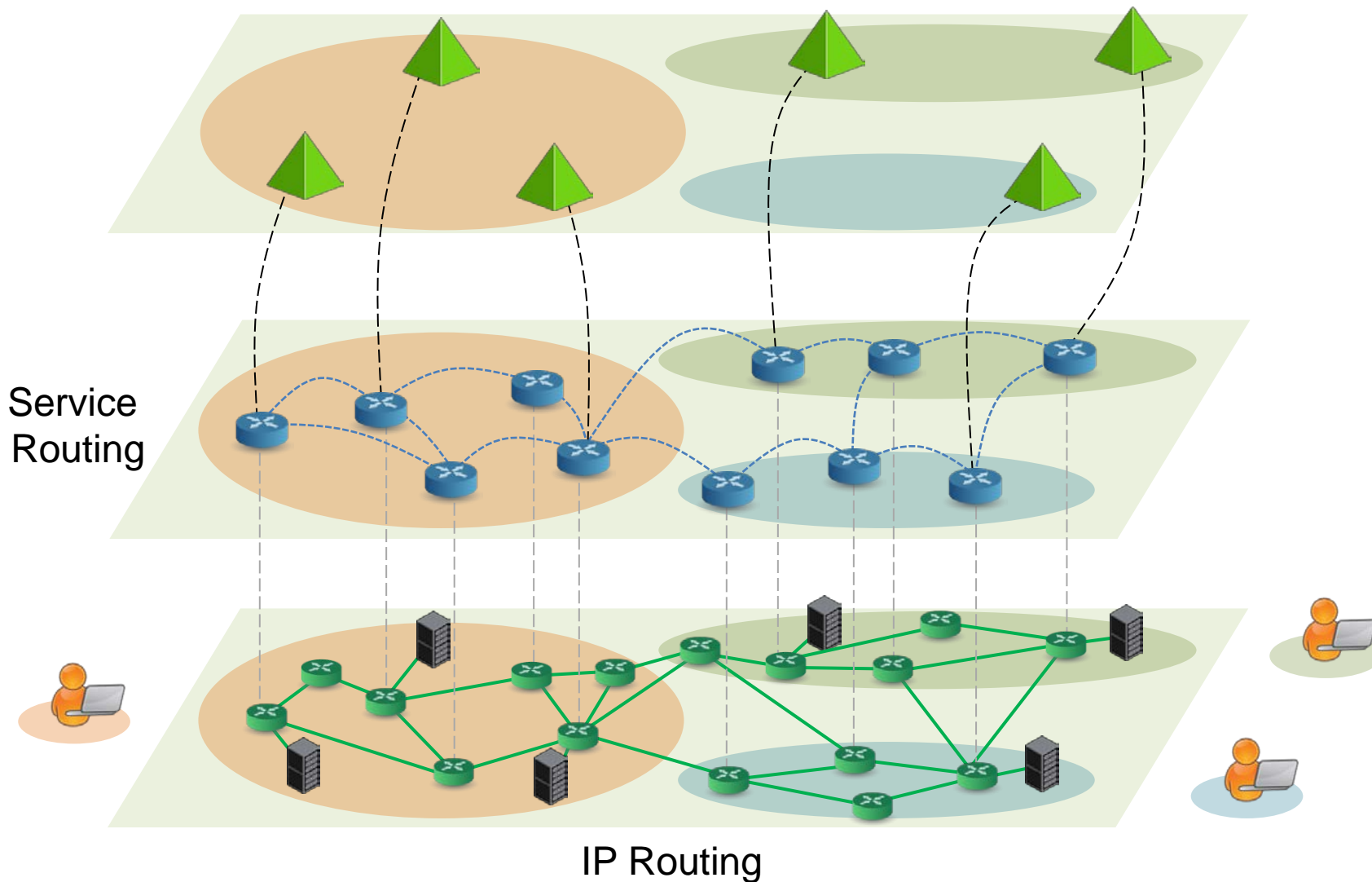
Current DC locations - www.datacentermap.com



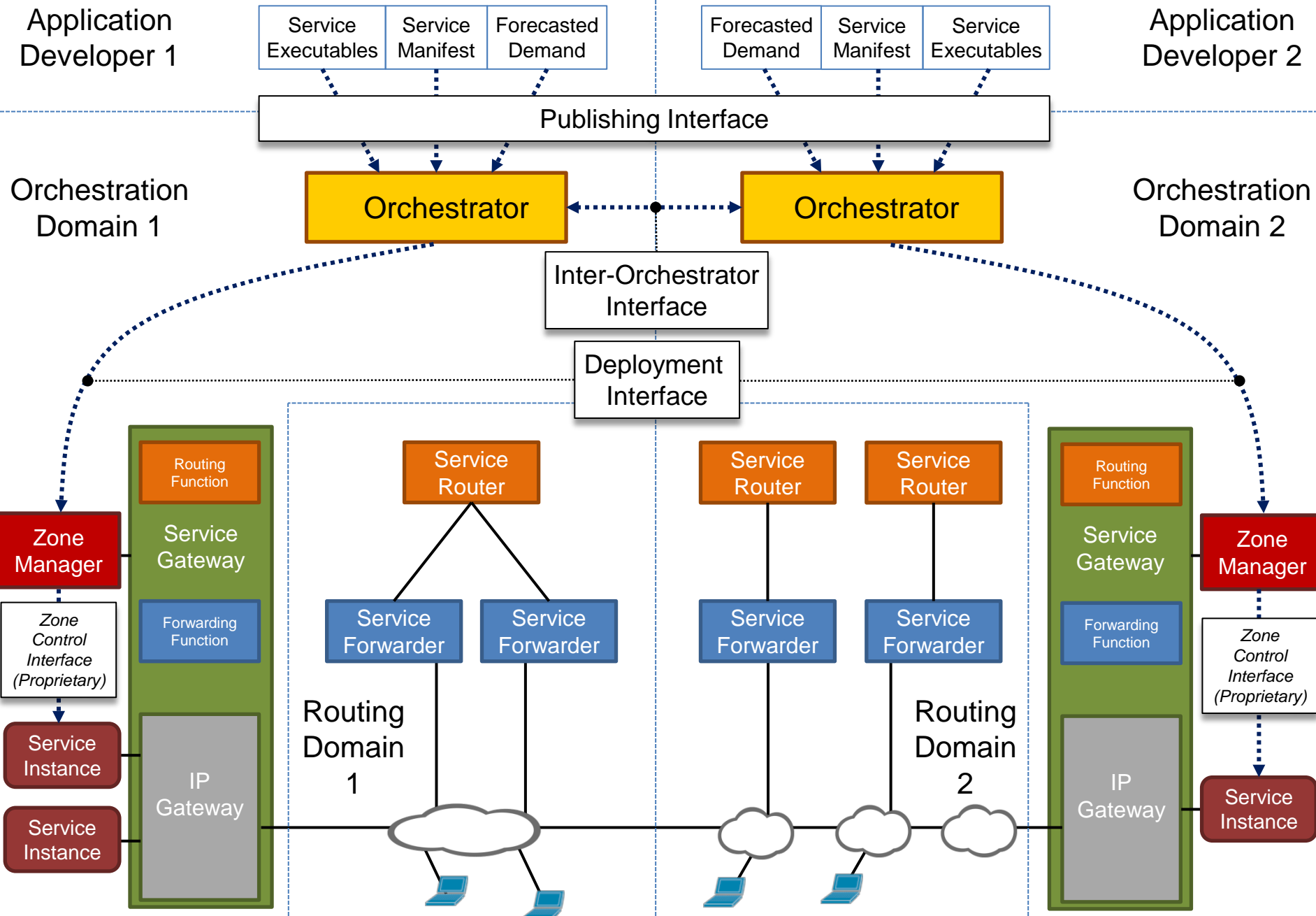


Current DC locations - www.datacentermap.com

Orchestration and Execution



Service Publishing and Deployment (Instantiation)



Service Routing Plane

Application Developer 1

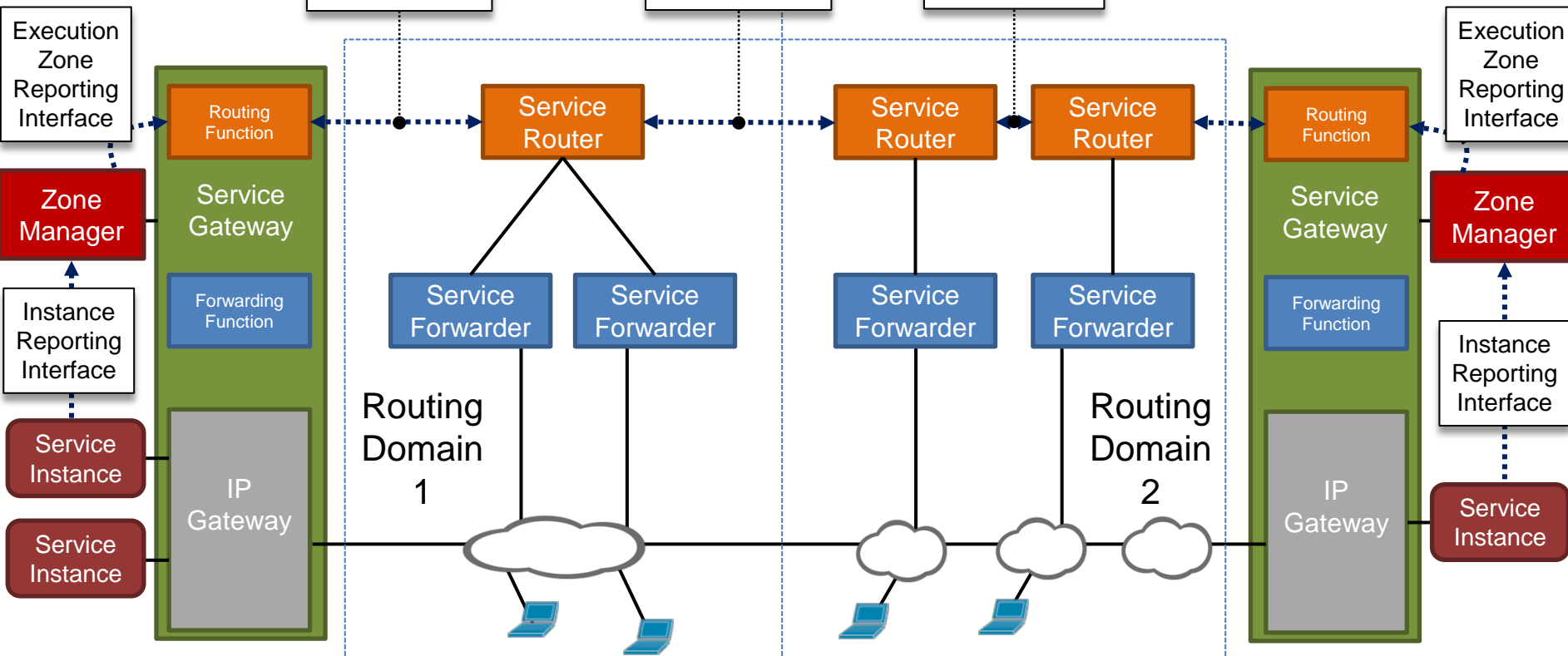
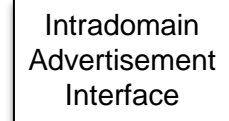
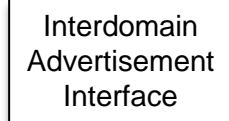
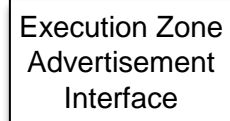


Application Developer 2

Orchestration Domain 1

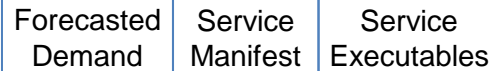


Orchestration Domain 2



Service Querying/Invocation

Application Developer 1

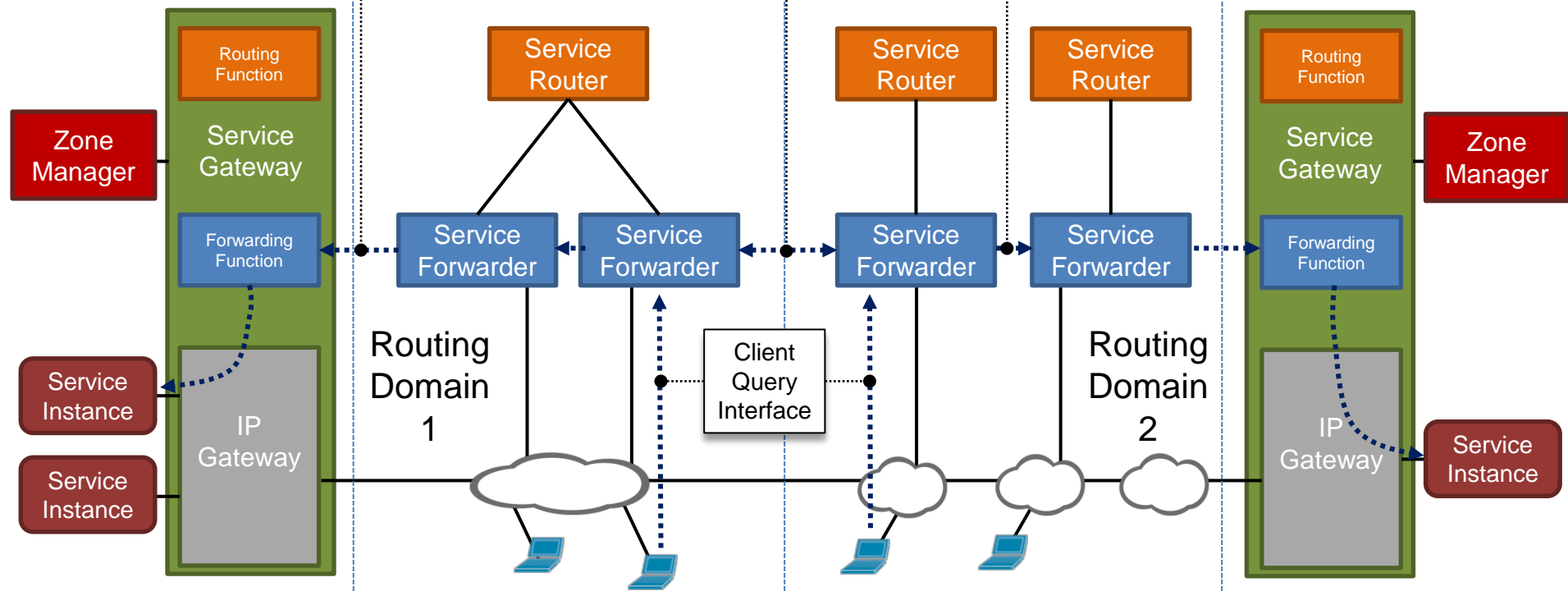
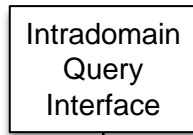
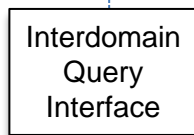
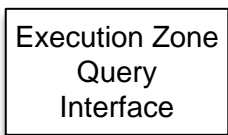


Application Developer 2

Orchestration Domain 1



Orchestration Domain 2



Service Delivery

Application Developer 1



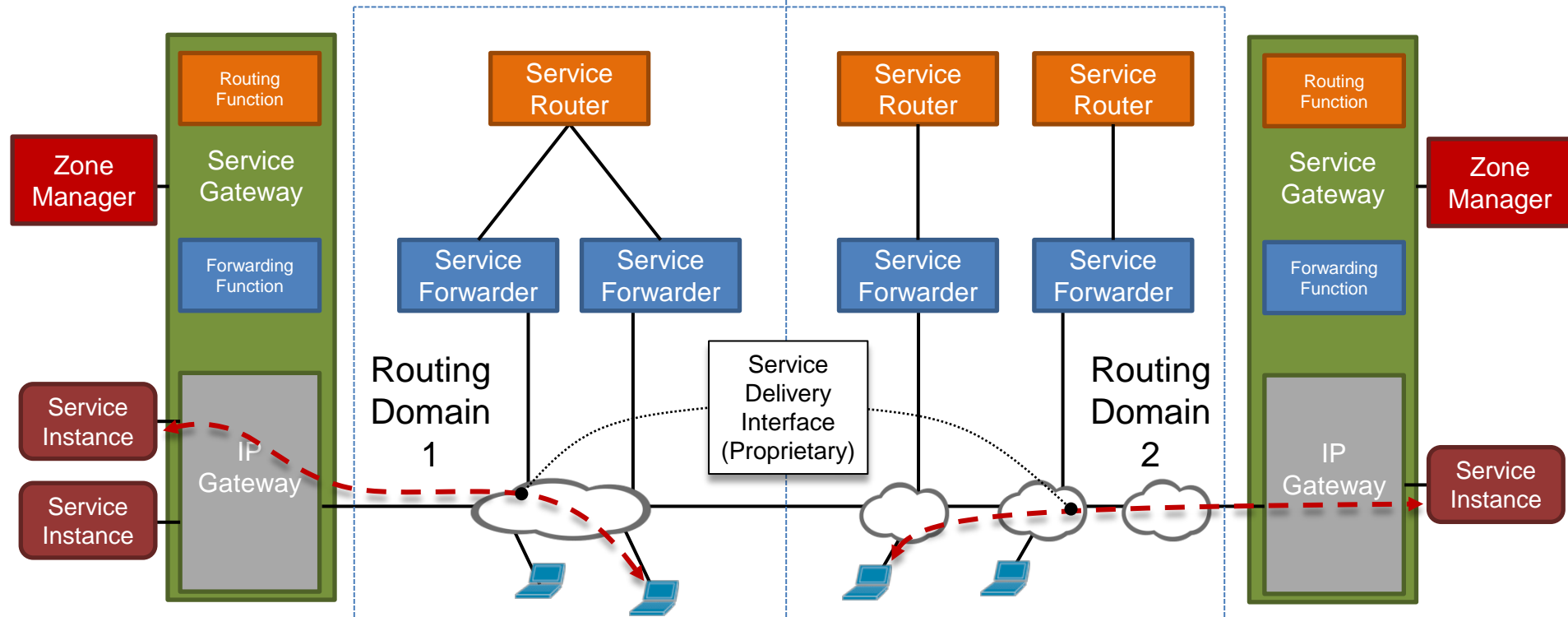
Application Developer 2



Orchestration Domain 1



Orchestration Domain 2



- Optimising the placement and replication of service instances
 - Large number of fine grained execution nodes
 - According to user demand patterns and network performance
- Routing/forwarding of service invocations based on service names
 - Scalability of exchange of routing information for a large number of services
 - Multi-metric anycast routing, utilising network (e.g. latency) and service-layer metrics (e.g. server load)
- Techniques for instantiation and selection of SDN and NFV functions for flexibly deployed networks
- Extension of SDN concepts for edge ISP/DC network resource allocation/management under the control of service routers for service-specific data-plane treatment

- University College London, UK
- Alcatel-Lucent Bell NV, Belgium
- Telekomunikacja Polska S.A., Poland
- Spinor GmbH, Germany
- iMinds, Belgium



www.fusion-project.eu